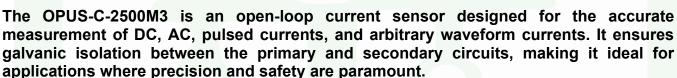


Current Transducer OPUS-C-2500M3

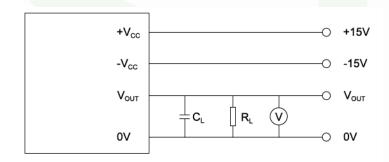
Features:

- Low temperature coefficient
- Galvanic isolation
- High immunity to external interference
- Excellent linearity
- Light weight design





Its rectangular shape allows it to be integrated into the smallest spaces, making it suitable for busbars with dimensions up to 64 mm x 21 mm.



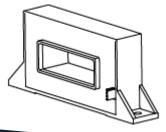
Applications:

- DC motor drives
- Inverter and variable frequency drives (VFD)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Power supplies for welding application
- Switching power supplies

Part Number	Primary Nominal Current	Pimary Current Measuring Range
OPUS-C-2500M3	2500A	±5500 A

Application Domaine:

- Industrial



21 mm



64 mm



SPECIFICATIONS:

 T_{A} = +25°C , Vcc = ± 15V , R $_{\text{L}}$ = 10 Ω , unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
ELECTRICAL DATA							
Primary nominal r.m.s Current	IPN		-	2500	-	Α	
Primary Current measuring range	Ірм		-5500	-	5500	Α	
Output Voltage	Vоит	Voe + S × IP	-	±4	-	mV	
Sensitivity	S	Ip=0 To ± IPN	-	1.60	-	mV/A	
Supply Voltage	Vcc	±5%	-	±15	-	V	
Current Consumption	Ic	I _P =0	-	±25/-5	-	mA	
Load Resistance	RL	Ip=0 To ± IPN	1	10	-	ΚΩ	
Load Capacitance	CL	Ip=0 To ± Ipn	-	100	-	pF	
		STATIC PERFORMANCE DATA					
Linearity Error	EL.	$T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C to} + 105 ^{\circ}\text{C},$ $I_P = 0 \text{ to} \pm I_{PN}$	-	±0.5	-	% I _{PN}	
Accuracy	Xg	$T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_P = 0$ to $\pm I_{PN}$	-1.2	±0.5	1.2	% I _{PN}	
		TA = -40 °C to +105 °C, IP = 0 to \pm IPN	-4.5	±1.5	3.5		
Sensitivity Error	Es	TA = -40 °C to +85 °C, IP = 0 to \pm IPN	-3	-	3	%	
Symmetry	E SYM	TA = -40 °C to +105 °C, IP = 0 to \pm IPN	99	100	101	%	
Hysteresis	Vон	$I_{P} = \pm I_{PN} \rightarrow 0$	-10	±5	10	mV	
Electric Offset	Voe	T _A = +25 °C, I _P = 0	-25	±10	25	- mV	
		TA = -40 °C to +105 °C, IP = 0	-40	±20	40		
	D	NAMIC PERFORMANCE DATA	A		ı	ı	
Response Time	Tr	di/dt > 50 A/µs, 10% to 90% of IPN		5	-	μs	
Bandwidth	BW	-3 dB	DC	25	-	kHz	
	1			l	l	L	



2. TYPICAL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

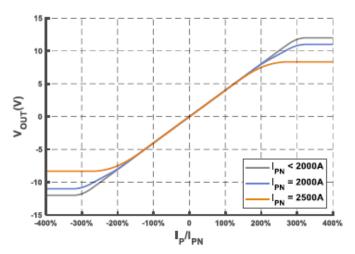


Figure 1. Output Voltage vs Primary Current

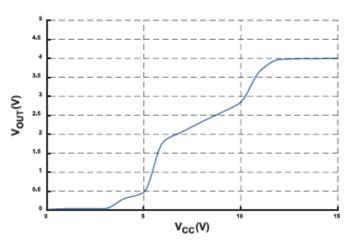


Figure 2. Output Voltage vs Supply Voltage (@Ip = IpN)

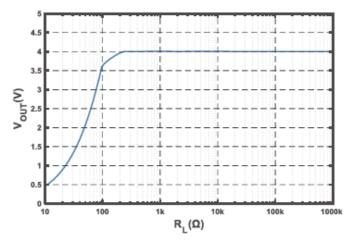


Figure 3. Output Voltage vs Load Resistance $(@I_P = I_{PN})$

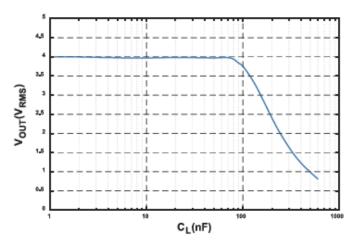
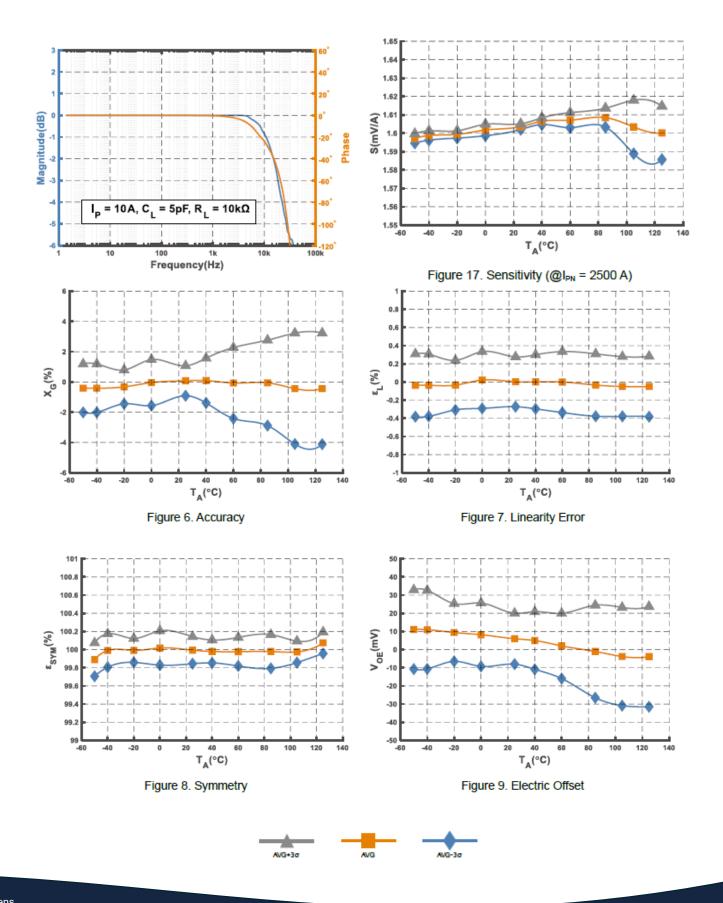


Figure 4. Output Voltage vs Load Capacitance $(@I_P = I_{PN})$





4. INSULATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Unit
Dielectric Strength	VD	5	kV(50Hz, 1min)
Insulation Resistance	Rıs	1000	ΜΩ
Creepage Distance	dcp	23	mm
Clearance	d cL	14	mm
Ambient Operating Temperature	Та	-40 to +105	°C
Ambient Storage Temperature	Тѕтс	-40 to +105	°C
Mass	m	300	g

5.PARAMETERS DEFINITION AND FORMULA

1) Output Voltage:

Vout stands for current sensor output voltage at given primary current, Voe stands for electric offset, S stands for sensitivity, IP stands for primary current.

2) Accuracy

$$X_G = MAX_{IP} \in [-IPN, IPN]$$
 $VOUT - (S \times IP)$ $X = 100\%$ $S \times IPN)$

IPN stands for nominal primary current

3) Sensitivity

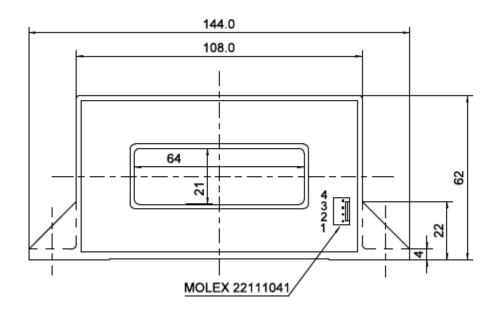
$$S = V_{OUT(@ IPN)} - V_{OUT(@ -IPN)}$$

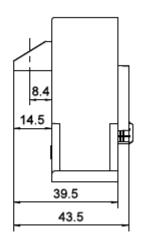
$$2 \times IPN$$

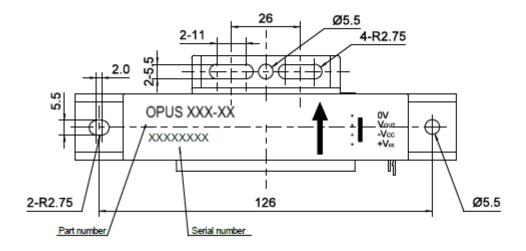
 $Vout_{(@\ IPN)}\ and\ Vout_{(@\ -IPN)}\ stand\ for\ the\ voltage\ output\ at\ IPN\ and\ -IPN\ respectively.$

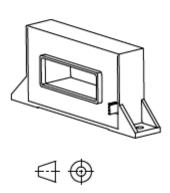


6. DIMENSIONS









Mounting Recommendation

- 1. Mounting method: $1 \times \Phi$ 5.5 mm hole and $1 \times \Phi$ 5.5 mm slotted hole
 - 2 × M5 copper or SS304 screws (Recommended torque 2.5 N·m) Or
 - $1 \times \Phi$ 5.5 mm hole and $2 \times \Phi$ 5.5 mm slotted holes (Fixed to the busbar)
 - 3 × M5 copper or SS304 screws (Recommended torque 2.5 N⋅m)
- 2. Primary through hole dimensions: 64 mm × 21 mm
- 3. Secondary electrical connection: Molex 22041041 (old PN: Molex 5045-04A)

Crimp Housing: Molex 22011042 Crimping Terminal: Molex 08500102



1. General Safety Warnings

- **Intended Use**: This transducer is designed for installation in electrical and electronic systems. It must be used in compliance with applicable international standards, such as **IEC 61010-1**, as well as local regulations and codes.
- **Applicable Standards**: The transducer must be operated according to the Adisens's operating instructions to ensure compliance with relevant safety standards, including:
 - o IEC 61010-1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use.
 - EN 50178: Safety requirements for electronic equipment for power installations.
- **Installation by Qualified Personnel**: Only qualified professionals, trained in handling high-voltage systems and electrical components, should install, commission, and maintain the transducer. Misuse or incorrect installation may result in electric shock, fire, or severe equipment damage.

2. Electrical Shock Risk

- **Risk of Electric Shock**: This transducer operates in high-voltage environments. It must be handled with care to avoid direct contact with live electrical components. There is a risk of serious injury or death from electric shock if proper precautions are not taken.
- Limited-Energy Secondary Circuits: To ensure safe operation, this transducer must be used exclusively within limited-energy secondary circuits, as specified by IEC 61010-1, which governs the safe design of electrical circuits to reduce the risk of injury and electrical hazards.
- **Isolation Requirements**: This transducer provides galvanic isolation between the primary (high-power) and secondary (low-power) circuits. However, the device should not be assumed to provide absolute protection against electric shock. Always de-energize circuits before installation or maintenance.

3. Installation Precautions

- **Environmental Conditions**: The transducer is designed to operate in controlled environments. Ensure that the operating temperature, humidity, and surrounding conditions comply with the transducer's specifications provided in the technical datasheet. Avoid exposure to moisture, corrosive environments, or areas prone to electrical interference.
- **Mounting**: Secure the transducer properly in a location that prevents movement or vibration during operation. Improper mounting may cause electrical arcing or contact with live components.
- **Grounding**: Ensure that the transducer is correctly grounded in accordance with the electrical system design. This will help prevent electric shock and improve system safety and performance.



4. Operational Guidelines

- **Operating Limits**: Operate the transducer strictly within the specified voltage, current, and temperature ranges. Overloading the transducer beyond its rated capacity may result in equipment failure or create safety hazards.
- **Routine Maintenance**: Inspect the transducer regularly for signs of wear, damage, or abnormal operation. Discontinue use if any issues are detected and consult the manufacturer for replacement or repair.

5. Handling and Storage

- **Handling Precautions**: Avoid direct contact with transducer terminals during handling. Always handle the device with protective gear, including insulated gloves, to avoid accidental electric shock.
- Storage Conditions: Store the transducer in a clean, dry, and temperature-controlled environment. Prolonged
 exposure to harsh conditions may degrade performance and compromise safety.

6. Emergency Procedures

- Power Disconnection: In case of a malfunction, electrical fault, or other emergency, immediately disconnect the
 power supply to the transducer and seek professional assistance for inspection and repair.
- **First Aid**: If an electric shock occurs, follow established first aid protocols and seek emergency medical assistance immediately.

7. Disposal

• **Environmental Considerations**: Dispose of the transducer according to local regulations for electronic waste. Do not incinerate, and avoid disposing of the device in general waste, as it may contain hazardous materials.

8. Manufacturer's Support

For additional information, technical support, or to report any issues with the transducer, please contact un on contact@adisens.fr . Ensure that you have the model number, serial number, and installation details on hand for a prompt response.